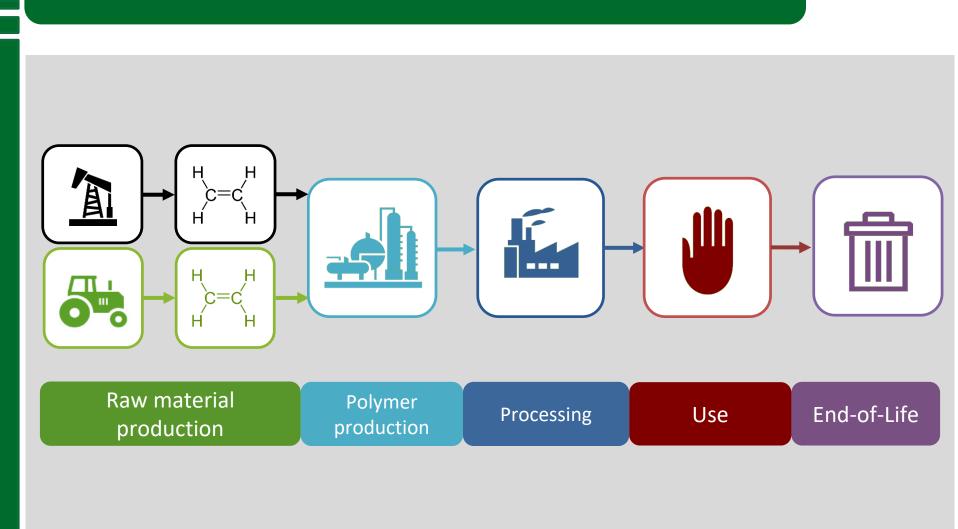
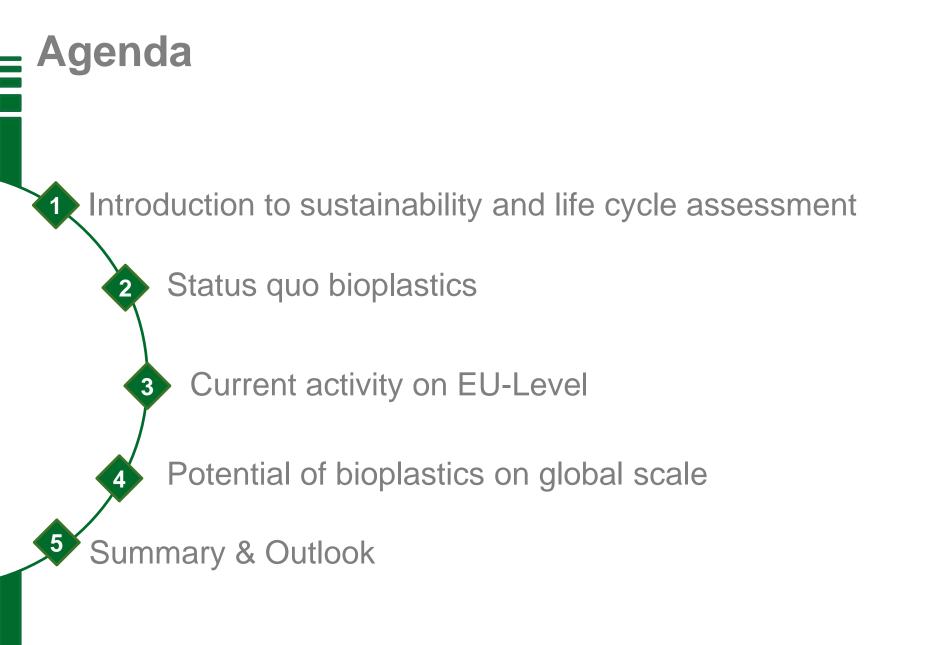
### Sustainability







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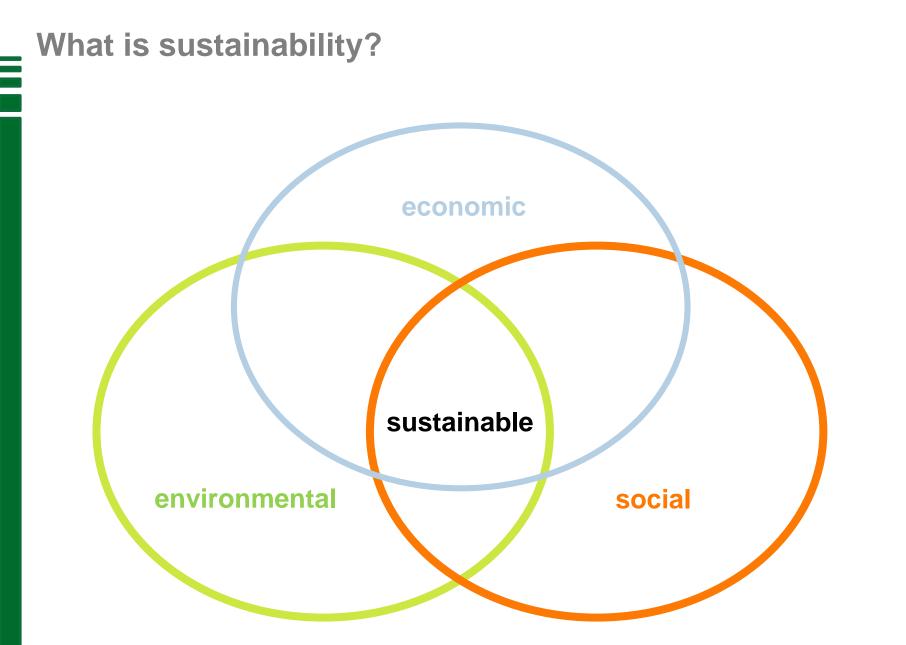
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### How can sustainability be measured?

	Environmental		Social		Economic	
LCSA =	LCA	÷	SLCA	╋	LCE	
Life Cycle Sustainability Assessment	Life Cycle Assessment		Social Life Cycle Assessment		Life Cycle Economics	





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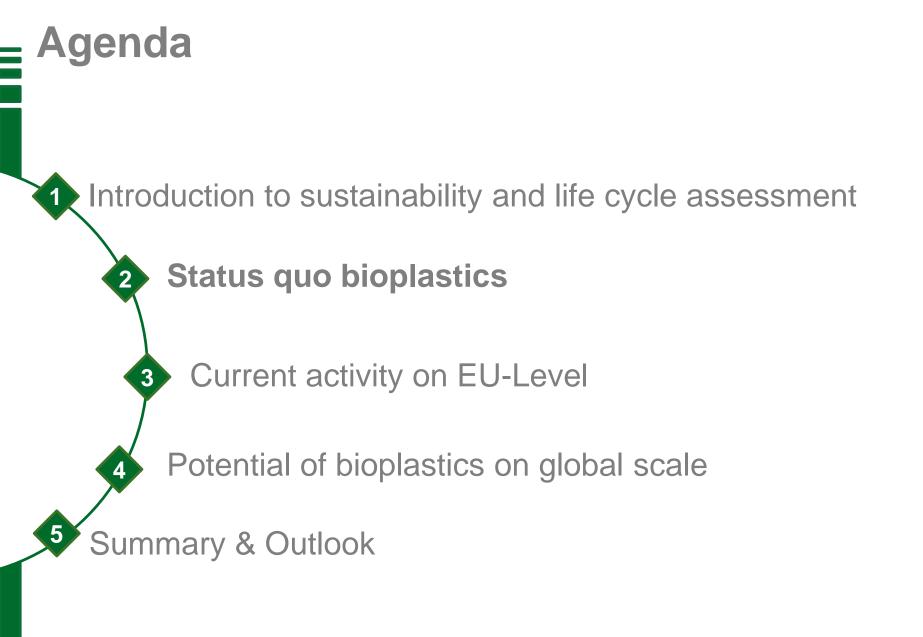


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### How can sustainability be measured?

How can sustainability be measured?							
	Environmental	Social	Economic				
Impact category	Climate change	Equal treatment	Cost				
	Ressource depletion	Freedom of opinion	Price				
	Toxicity	Forced/ child labour	Added value				
	Acidification	Freedom of assembly					
	Eutrophication	Payment					
	Ozone building potential	Social benefits					
	Water use	Safety at work					
	Land use	Migration	Source: BiNa 2017				
	Biodiversity	Safety of consumers	ce: BiN				
		Skill level	Sour				
Sector Registration of the spirit of Meanstein Sport of Meanstein Spor							

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# Which information on sustainability of bioplastics are available?

### **Environmental**

- Which standards/guide lines?
  - 2 product category rules for (fossil) plastics
    - (Eco Profiles / UN CPC 347)
  - DIN 16760 biobased products
- Which LCA results?
  - 132 LCAs 29 quantifiable

### Social

### Economic

Which standards/guide lines?
UNEP/SETAC "Guidelines for social life cycle assessment of products"

- ➢ Which results?
  - I S-LCA / no LCC
  - 5 S-LCA/5 LCC for biofuels

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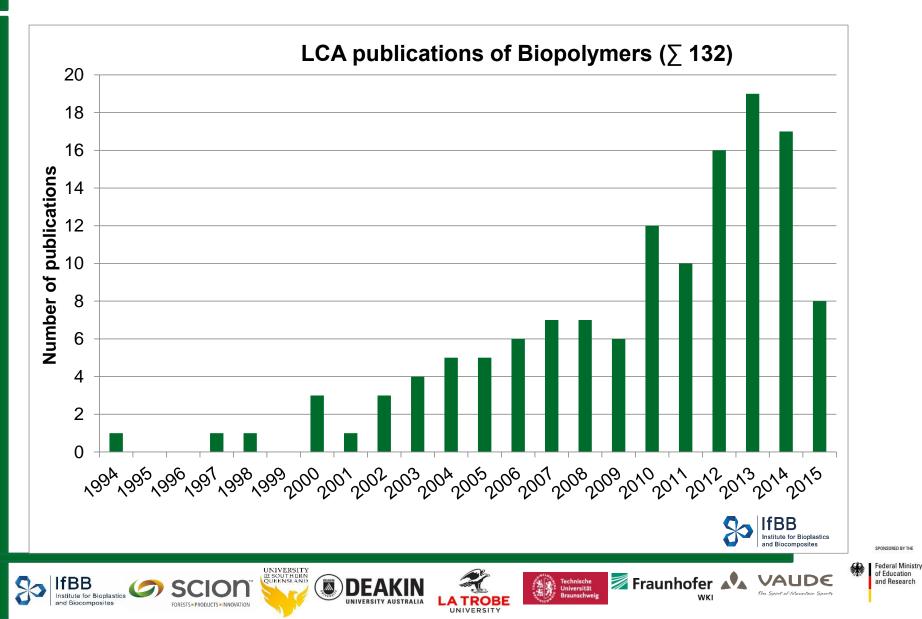




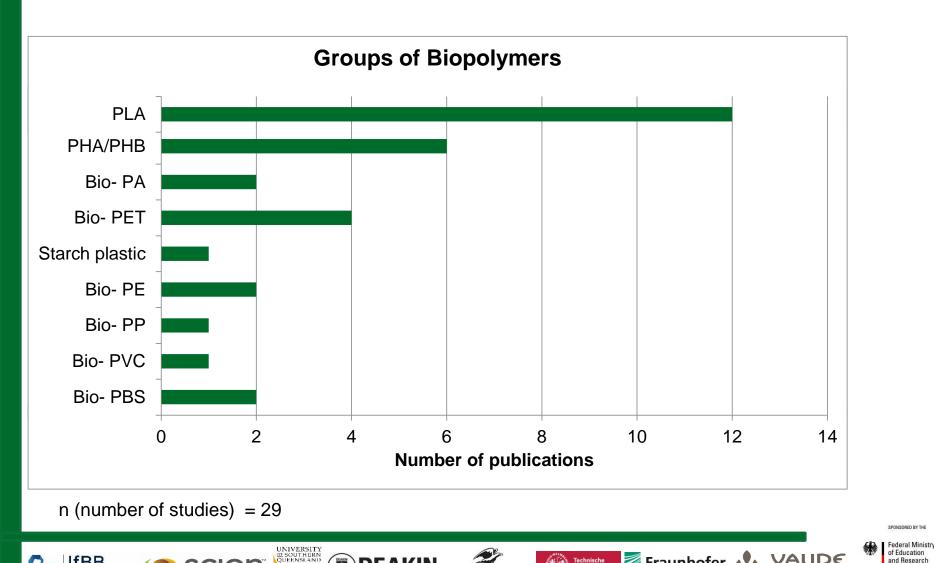
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Which information on environmental sustainability of bioplastics are available?



Which information on environmental sustainability of bioplastics are available?



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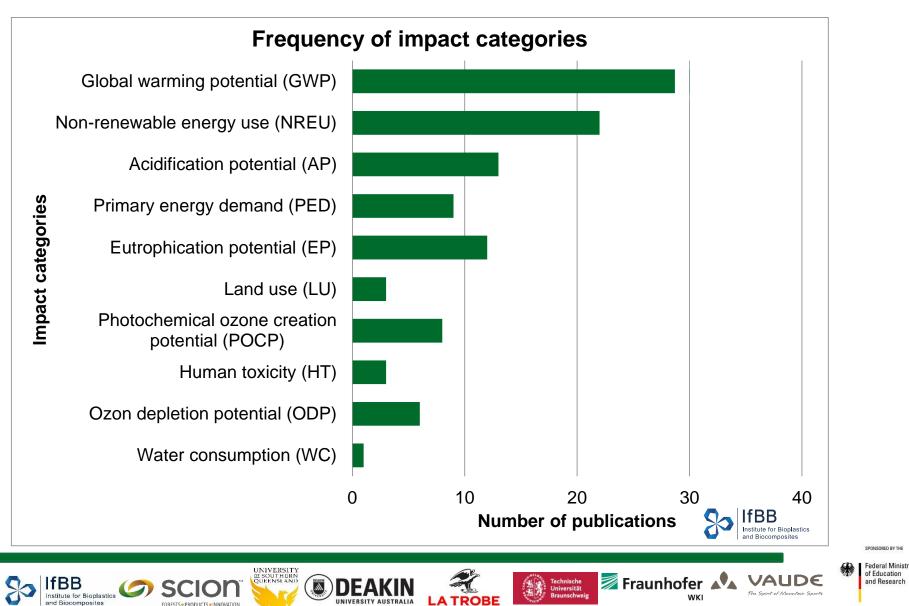
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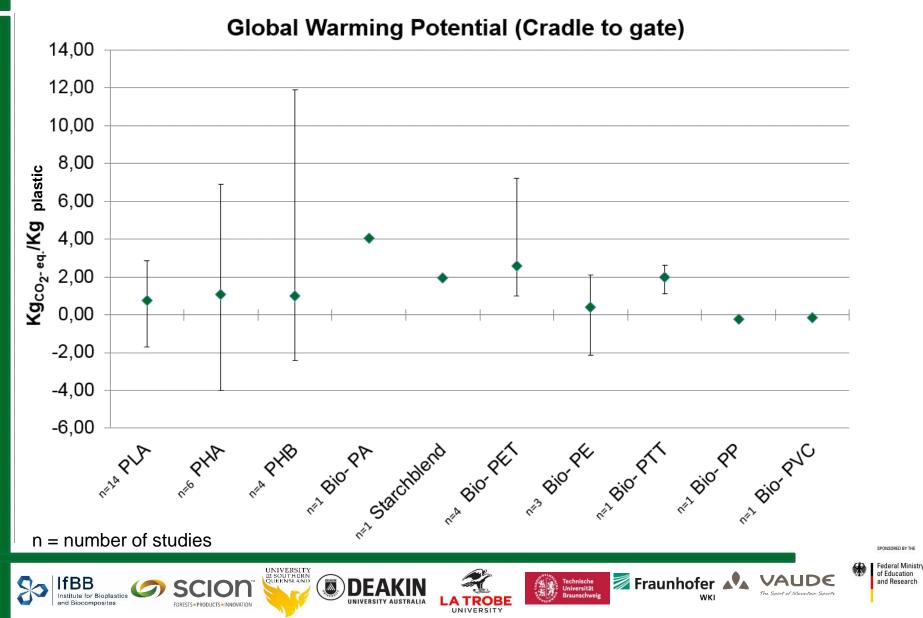
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## Which information on environmental sustainability of bioplastics are available?



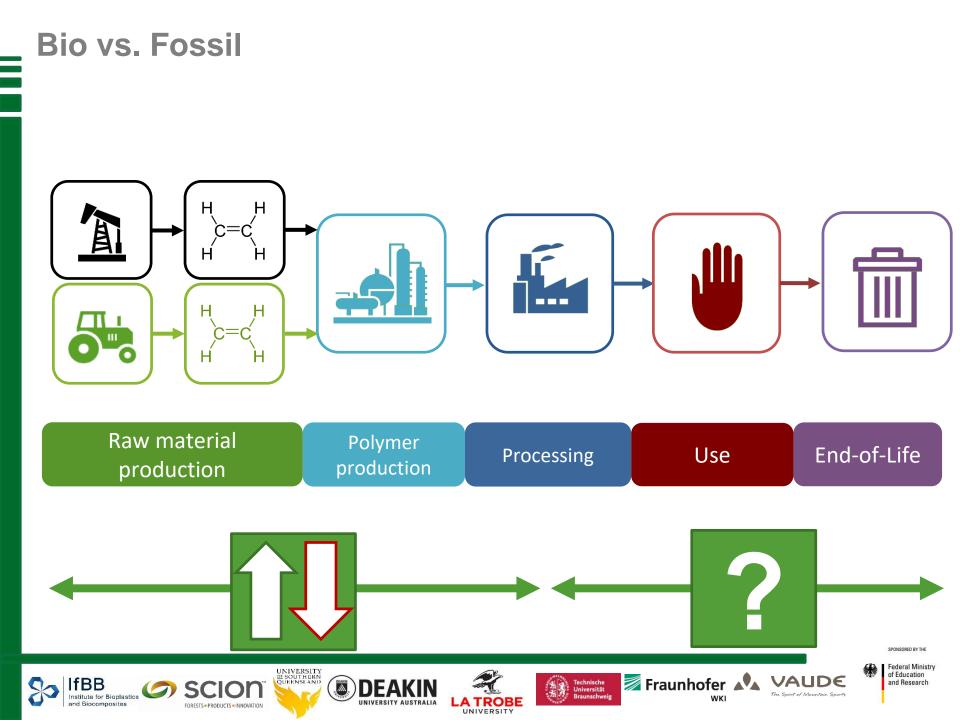
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## Which information on environmental sustainability of bioplastics are available?

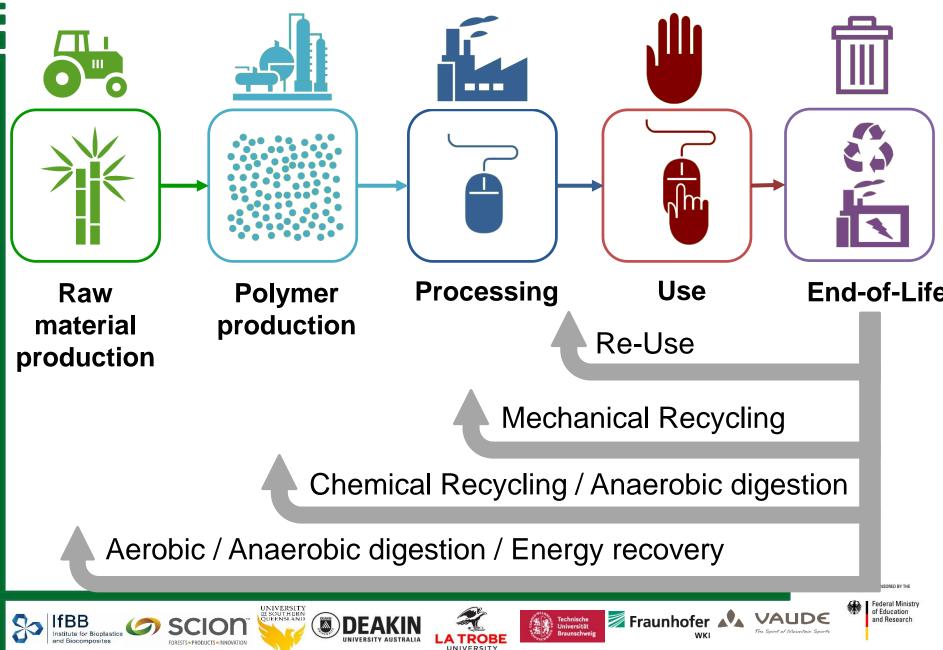


## **Comparison of PE and Bio-PE (Cradle-to-Gate)**

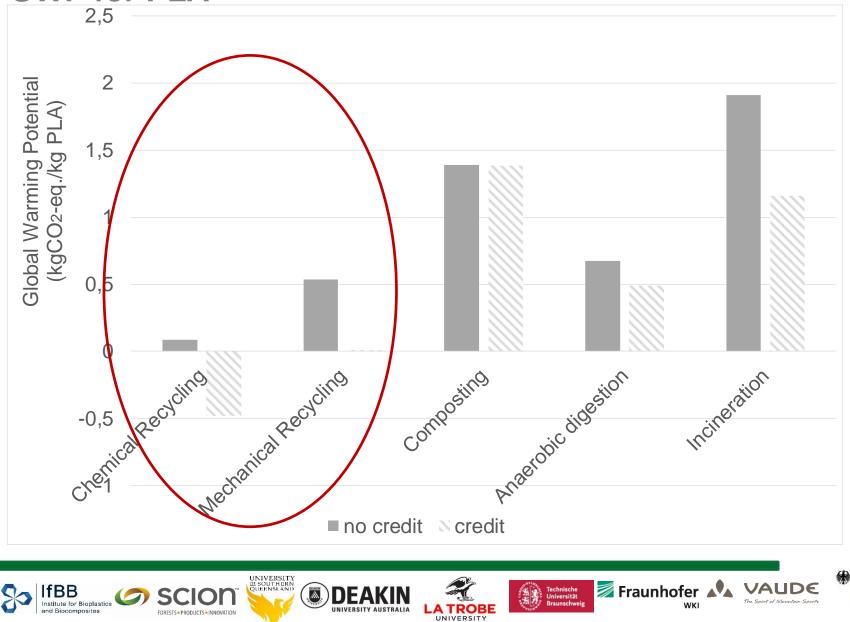
Impact category	Fossil-based Polyethylene (PE)1	Bio-based Polyethylene (Bio-PE) <sub>2</sub>	
Global Warming Potential	$\sum_{i=1}^{n}$	$\mathbf{k}$	
Abiotic Resource Depletion			
Acidification Potential			BiNa
Eutrophication potential			rope, 2: Bi
Land use		$\sum_{i=1}^{n}$	PlasticsEu
Ozone creation potential			Source: 1: PlasticsEurope, 2:
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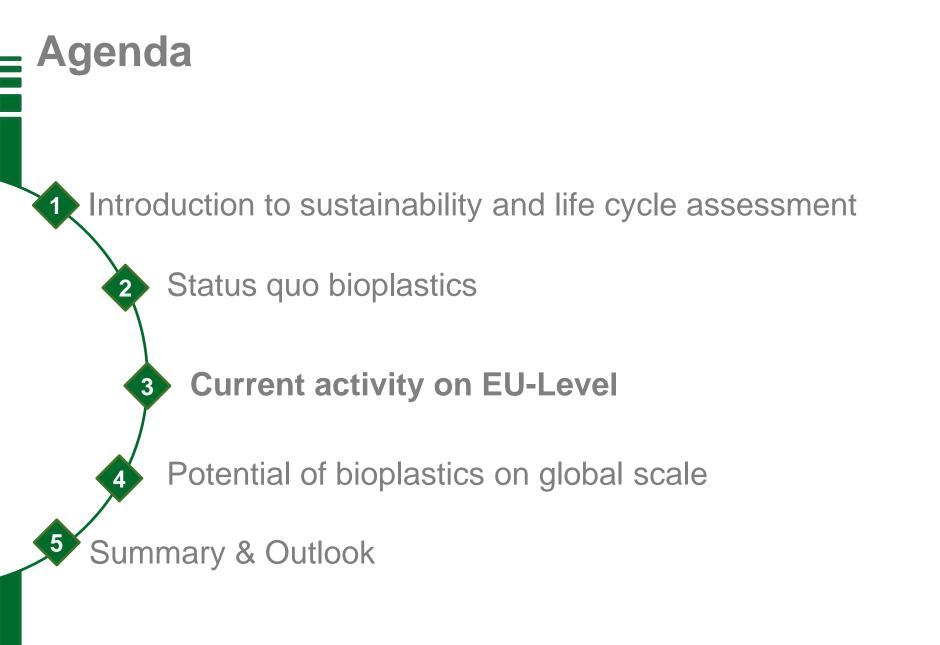
### **End-of-Life of bioplastics**



### Impacts of End-of-Life (no credits/credits) GWP for PLA



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# Comparative Life Cycle Assessment of alternative feedstock for plastic production (EU Joint Research Center)

**Project name:** Environmental sustainability *assessment* comparing through the means of life-cycle assessment the potential environmental impacts of the use of *alternative feedstocks (biomass, recycled plastics, CO2*) for plastic articles in comparison to using *current feedstocks (oil and gas).* Fossil vs Bio.

### Goals:

- Meta-analysis of literature
- Development of a draft method for comparative assessment
- Testing of draft method in 5 screening case studies
- Technical stakeholder cosultation
- Finalization of method and 10 full LCA case studies on specific plastic articles.



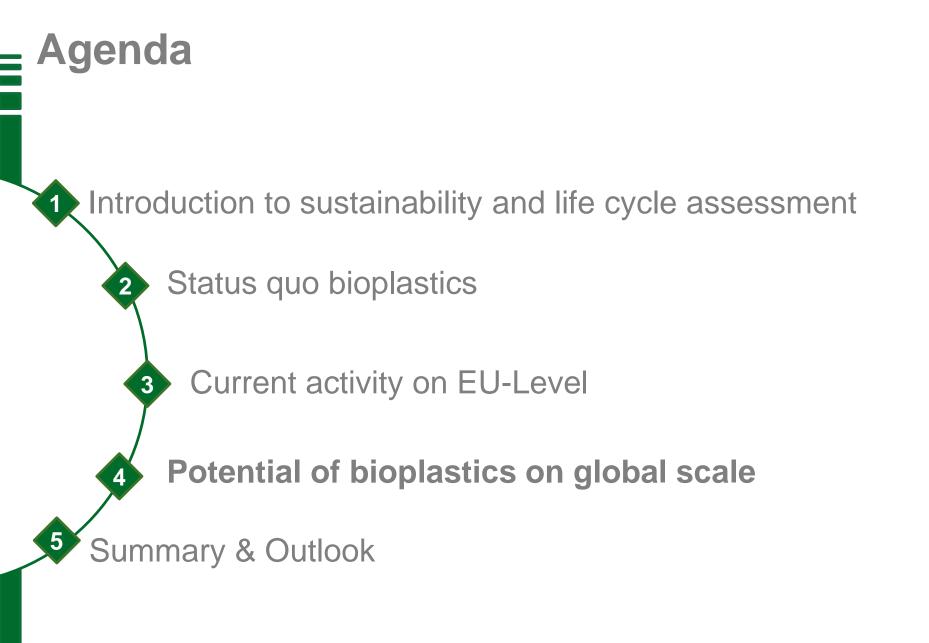






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### What contribution can bio-based plastics make to the reduction of greenhouse gases?

### Journal of Cleaner Production 185 (2018) 476-491 Contents lists available at ScienceDirect Journal of Cleaner Production journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/jclepro

Bio-based plastics - A review of environmental, social and economic impact assessments



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#### ARTICLE INFO

Article history: Received 28 September 2016 Received in revised form 15 February 2018 Accepted 1 March 2018 Available online 3 March 2018

Keywords: Bio-based plastic Bioeconomy Sustaina bility Life cycle costing Social life cycle assessment Life cycle assessment

### ABSTRACT

Bio-based plastics show an evolving market and application range and therefore have become increasingly popular in research and economy. The limitation of fossil resources as well as linked environmental issues have led to the development of an innovative bioeconomy and also triggered the shift from fossilbased plastics to bio-based plastics. The original motivation for this study was to propose a comprehensive approach to calculate the sustainability performance of bio-based plastics on a global scale. To provide a calculative basis, a review on available data from life cycle assessment (LCA), social life cycle assessment (S-LCA) and life cycle costing (LCC) studies on bio-based plastics was carried out and showed limited availability of quantifiable results with regard to the social and economic performance of biobased plastics. In environmental LCA, with the ISO-family and related documents, a group of harmonized standards and approaches does exist. However, missing practical and consented guidelines hamper the comparability of studies and the exploitability of data - not only within the bio-based plastic sector but also in comparison to the fossil-based counterparts. Therefore, a calculation for the global sustainability performance of bio-based plastics was merely conducted for the environmental impact category global warming potential. Taking the technical substitution potential of fossil-based with bio-based plastics as well as limitations in data availability into account the estimation was performed for a substitution of approximately two-thirds of the global plastic demand. The results show, that bio-based plastics could potentially save 241 to 316 Mio, t of CO2-eq, annually. Thereby this study gives a first outlook how bio-based plastics could contribute to a sustainable development, making benefits and drawbacks more tangible.

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### Publication:

**Bio-based plastics -**A review of environmental, social and economic impact assessments

**Journal of Cleaner Production** 

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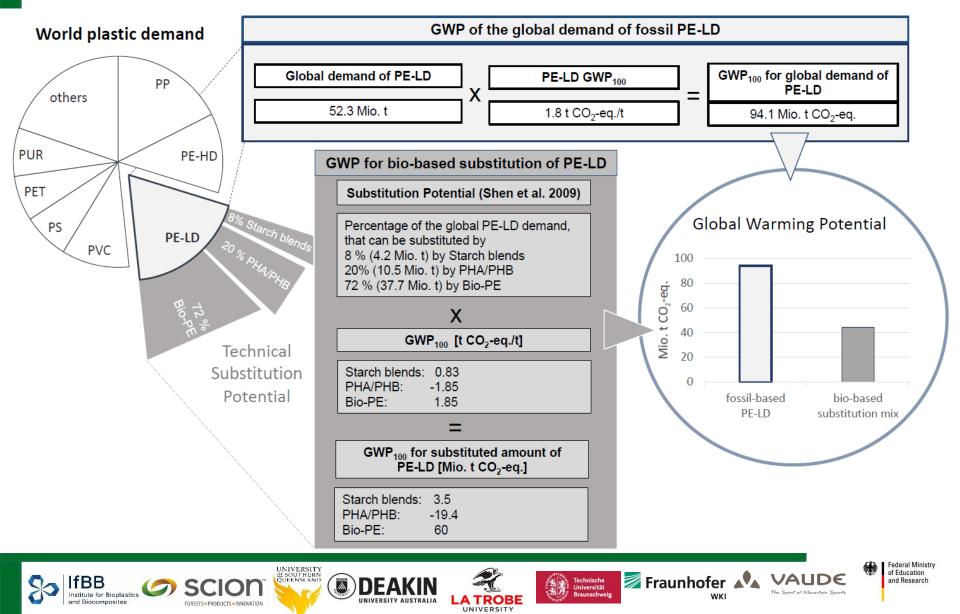




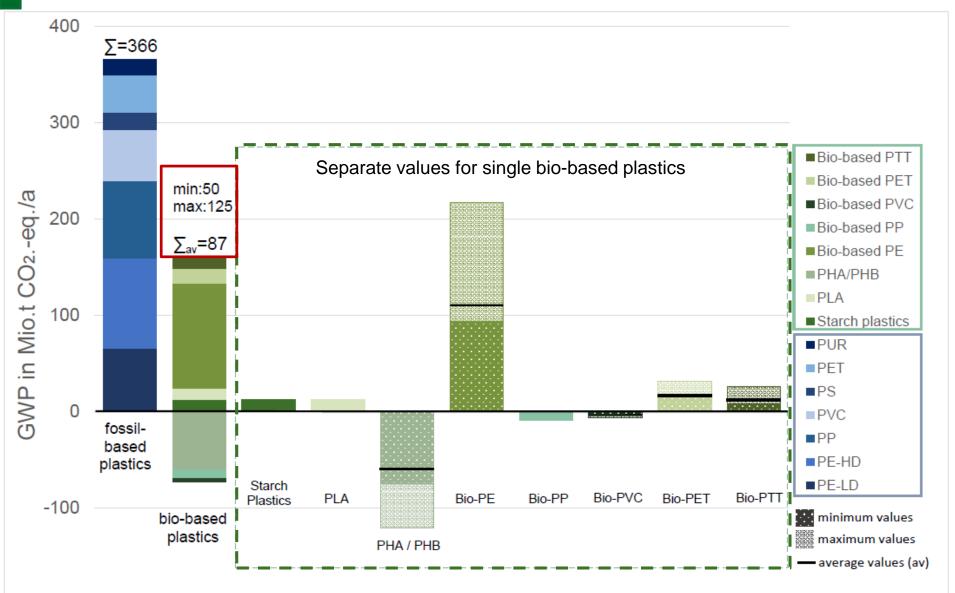


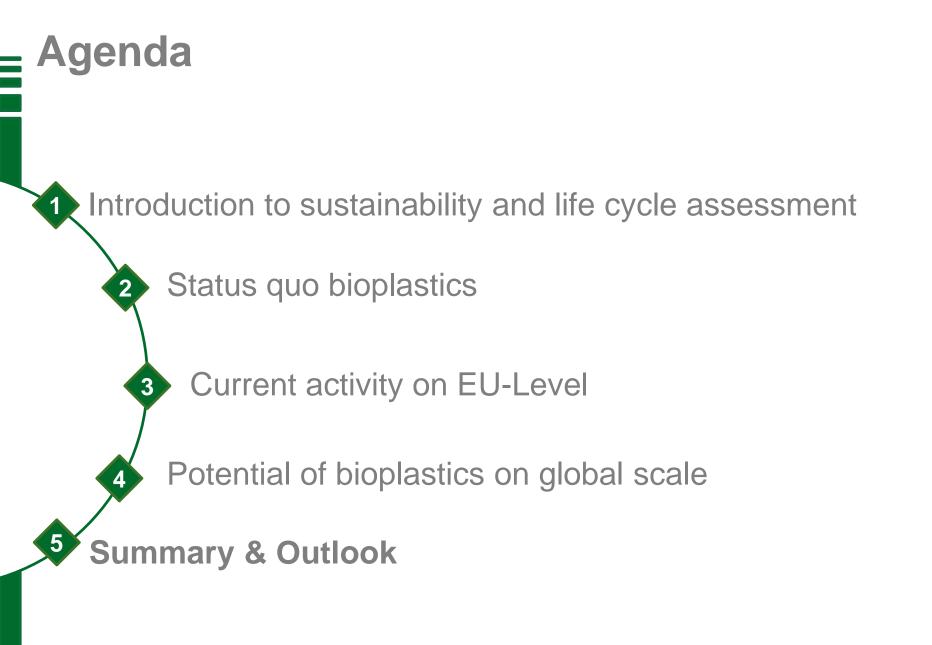
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## What contribution can bio-based plastics make to the reduction of greenhouse gases?



## What contribution can bio-based plastics make to the reduction of greenhouse gases?





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### **Summary and Outlook**

- Increasing information on LCA of bio-based plastic
- Not all environmental impact categories covered, focus on GWP
- Assumptions and frameworks differ
- High range of fluctuation with regards to the values
- No common approach/method/data collection (like PlasticsEurope)
- Developments on EU level will hopefully improve the comparison of biobased and conventional plastics
- Bioplastics can have a certain role in reduction of GWP (keep limited use of fossil ressources for conventional plastics in mind)

